## **SHIRE OF IRWIN**

## **FINANCIAL REPORT**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Statement by Chief Executive Officer	2
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type	3
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Rate Setting Statement	8
Index of Notes to the Financial Report	9
Independent Auditor's Report	59

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## SHIRE OF IRWIN FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

## STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire of Irwin for the financial year ended 30 June 2020 is based on proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial position of the Shire of Irwin at 30 June 2020 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards.

Signed on the	29th	day of	January	2021
			ML	
		0	Chief Executive Off	ficer
			Shane Ivers	



		2020	2020	2019
<u>.</u>	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue	00()	F 000 770	5.044.007	5 474 404
Rates	26(a)	5,360,772	5,314,227	5,174,481
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	819,180	480,895	1,098,123
Fees and charges	2(a)	1,541,105	1,733,533	1,622,278
Interest earnings	2(a)	87,173	113,537	124,749
Other revenue	2(a)	300,054	220,750 7,862,942	259,454 8,279,085
		8,108,284	7,002,942	0,279,000
Expenses				
Employee costs		(2,718,377)	(2,742,132)	(3,053,105)
Materials and contracts		(3,251,820)	(2,372,829)	(3,411,187)
Utility charges		(483,180)	(487,400)	(472,743)
Depreciation on non-current assets	11(b)	(4,407,387)	(4,376,844)	(4,335,292)
Interest expenses	2(b)	(196,332)	(167,442)	(161,132)
Insurance expenses		(189,264)	(173,946)	(179,961)
Other expenditure		(339,931)	(186,040)	(400,104)
		(11,586,291)	(10,506,634)	(12,013,524)
		(3,478,007)	(2,643,692)	(3,734,439)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,027,594	1,906,784	2,098,017
Profit on asset disposals	11(a)	25,349	67,309	71,071
(Loss) on asset disposals	11(a)	(478,686)	0	(133,276)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value		005	•	•
through profit or loss		865	0	2,035,812
		1,575,122	1,974,093	2,035,812
Net result for the period		(1,902,885)	(669,599)	(1,698,628)
Other community in comm				
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or	loss			
Nil		0	0	0
Total other comprehensive income for the period		0	0	0
Total comprehensive income for the period		(1,902,885)	(669,599)	(1,698,628)



		2020	2020	2019
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
_	<b>0</b> ( )	\$	\$	\$
Revenue Governance	2(a)	273	200	217
General purpose funding		6,030,284	5,716,052	5,857,029
Law, order, public safety		190,657	168,307	500,357
Health		59,698	29,900	16,591
Education and welfare		6,102	14,200	15,542
Housing		280,477	281,000	283,333
Community amenities		870,996	915,781	845,249
Recreation and culture		198,049	245,052	275,593
Transport		133,317	136,400	129,429
Economic services		221,923	300,050	252,227
Other property and services		116,508	56,000	103,518
		8,108,284	7,862,942	8,279,085
Expenses	2(b)			
Governance	<b>–</b> (2)	(567,650)	(564,913)	(496,038)
General purpose funding		(644,910)	(585,169)	(223,023)
Law, order, public safety		(507,114)	(492,560)	(895,333)
Health		(565,054)	(155,322)	(160,772)
Education and welfare		(66,523)	(61,212)	(104,860)
Housing		(557,213)	(538,941)	(471,434)
Community amenities		(1,345,648)	(1,385,250)	(1,329,641)
Recreation and culture		(2,557,318)	(2,665,675)	(3,127,714)
Transport		(4,044,418)	(3,468,152)	(4,401,675)
Economic services		(469,681)	(385,280)	(514,001)
Other property and services		(64,430)	(36,717)	(127,901)
		(11,389,959)	(10,339,192)	(11,852,392)
Finance Costs	2(b)			
Health	, ,	(6,435)	0	0
Recreation and culture		(165,666)	(149,160)	(156,429)
Transport		(23,637)	(18,282)	(4,703)
Other property and services		(594)	0	0
		(196,332)	(167,442)	(161,132)
		(3,478,007)	(2,643,692)	(3,734,439)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,027,594	1,906,784	2,098,017
Profit on disposal of assets	2(a) 11(a)	25,349	67,309	71,071
(Loss) on disposal of assets	11(a)	(478,686)	07,009	(133,276)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through	۱۱(۵)	,		, ,
profit or loss		865	0	0
		1,575,122	1,974,093	2,035,812
Net result for the period		(1,902,885)	(669,599)	(1,698,628)
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
nems that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				
Nil		0	0	0
Total other comprehensive income for the period		0	0	0
fotal companies income for the period		(1,902,885)	(669,599)	(1,698,628)
This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying AUDITED	ng notes.			

	NOTE	2020	2019
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	3,505,502	3,820,528
Trade and other receivables	6	555,596	671,342
Other financial assets	5(a)	8,097	7,889
Inventories	7	18,521	20,118
Other assets	8	15,302 4,103,018	1,135 4,521,012
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		4,103,018	4,521,012
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	6	69,322	60,277
Other financial assets	5(b)	65,957	73,189
Property, plant and equipment	è´	44,304,551	46,878,104
Infrastructure	10	52,876,708	54,309,900
Right of use assets	12(a)	90,455	0
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		97,406,993	101,321,470
TOTAL ASSETS		101,510,011	105,842,482
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	1,141,360	1,648,164
Contract liabilities	15	1,277,058	0
Lease liabilities	16(a)	19,930	0
Borrowings	17(a)	341,683	271,888
Employee related provisions	18	416,446	348,465
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,196,477	2,268,517
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	16(a)	37,963	0
Borrowings	17(a)	4,105,104	2,996,787
Employee related provisions	18	77,528	67,365
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,220,595	3,064,152
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7 447 070	F 222 CC0
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,417,072	5,332,669
NET ASSETS		94,092,939	100,509,813
EQUITY  Datained comples		40 400 400	44.057.050
Retained surplus	4	42,138,469	44,857,653
Reserves - cash backed	4 13	1,292,763	1,310,453
Revaluation surplus	13	50,661,707	54,341,707
TOTAL EQUITY		94,092,939	100,509,813



			<b>RESERVES</b>		
		RETAINED	CASH	<b>REVALUATION</b>	TOTAL
	NOTE	SURPLUS	<b>BACKED</b>	SURPLUS	<b>EQUITY</b>
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2018		46,229,487	1,637,247	54,341,707	102,208,441
Comprehensive income				_	
Net result for the period	_	(1,698,628)	0		(1,698,628)
Total comprehensive income		(1,698,628)	0	0	(1,698,628)
Transfers from reserves	4	509,420	(509,420)	0	0
Transfers to reserves	4	(182,626)	182,626	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2019	-	44,857,653	1,310,453	54,341,707	100,509,813
Change in accounting policies	31(b)	(833,989)	0	(3,680,000)	(4,513,989)
Restated total equity at 1 July 2019	_	44,023,664	1,310,453	50,661,707	95,995,824
Comprehensive income					
Net result for the period	_	(1,902,885)	0	0	(1,902,885)
Total comprehensive income		(1,902,885)	0	0	(1,902,885)
Transfers from reserves	4	75,000	(75,000)	0	0
Transfers to reserves	4	(57,310)	57,310	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2020	-	42,138,469	1,292,763	50,661,707	94,092,939

		2020	2020	2019
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts		<b>5</b> 044 <b>5</b> 00	5.044.007	5 440 040
Rates		5,241,586	5,314,227	5,119,640
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		1,334,558	523,002	1,191,115
Fees and charges		1,541,105	1,733,533	1,622,278
Interest received		87,168	113,537	124,749
Goods and services tax received		554,655	500,000	681,589
Other revenue		300,054	220,750	259,454
Dovernante		9,059,126	8,405,049	8,998,825
Payments Employee costs		(2.645.042)	(2 742 122)	(3,139,428)
Employee costs Materials and contracts		(2,615,943)	(2,742,132) (2,420,829)	(2,752,843)
		(3,795,365)	(487,400)	(472,743)
Utility charges		(483,180)	(167,442)	(161,132)
Interest expenses		(196,332)	(173,946)	(179,961)
Insurance paid Goods and services tax paid		(189,264)	(500,000)	(777,258)
Other expenditure		(418,094) (339,931)	(186,040)	(400,104)
Other experiulture		(8,038,109)	(6,677,790)	(7,883,469)
Net cash provided by (used in)		(8,038,109)	(0,077,790)	(1,003,409)
operating activities	19	1,021,017	1,727,259	1,115,356
oporating doublinos	10	1,021,017	1,727,200	1,110,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment	9(a)	(3,372,137)	(2,368,334)	(2,207,162)
Payments for construction of infrastructure	10(a)	(1,248,004)	(1,453,276)	(1,428,399)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,027,594	1,906,784	2,098,017
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self				
supporting loans		7,894	7,893	7,695
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment	11(a)	89,897	233,000	552,258
Net cash provided by (used in)				
investment activities		(2,494,756)	(1,673,933)	(977,591)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	47(1)	(074 000)	(074 000)	(4.44.400)
Repayment of borrowings	17(b)	(271,888)	(271,888)	(141,493)
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	16(b)	(19,399)	0	0
Proceeds from new borrowings	17(b)	1,450,000	0	913,700
Net cash provided by (used In)		4 450 740	(074.000)	770 007
financing activities		1,158,713	(271,888)	772,207
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(315,026)	(218,562)	909,972
Cash at beginning of year		3,820,528	3,820,528	2,910,556
Cash and cash equivalents		0,020,020	0,020,020	2,010,000
at the end of the year	19	3,505,502	3,601,966	3,820,528
The state of the s	-	-,,	-,	-,,

		2020	2020	2019
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
	HOTE	\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		•	•	•
Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	27 (b)	(890,837)	(30,334)	33,113
not carrent accord at chart or intancial year carpiac. (acrost)	<u> </u>	(890,837)	(30,334)	33,113
		(000,00.)	(00,00.)	30,110
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates)				
Governance		273	200	217
General purpose funding		673,179	404,324	685,005
Law, order, public safety		190,657	182,764	500,753
Health		59,698	29,900	16,591
Education and welfare		6,102	14,200	15,542
Housing		280,477	281,000	283,333
Community amenities		870,996	915,781	851,043
Recreation and culture		207,867	265,052	275,593
Transport		148,848	142,300	158,094
Economic services		221,923	300,050	252,227
Other property and services		116,508	82,952	139,734
Expanditure from energing activities		2,776,528	2,618,523	3,178,132
Expenditure from operating activities Governance		(EG7 GE0)	(EGA 012)	(406.029)
General purpose funding		(567,650)	(564,913)	(496,038)
Law, order, public safety		(644,910) (507,114)	(585,169) (492,560)	(223,023) (895,333)
Health		(571,489)	(155,322)	(160,772)
Education and welfare		(66,523)	(61,212)	(104,860)
Housing		(557,213)	(538,941)	(471,434)
Community amenities		(1,345,648)	(1,385,250)	(1,329,641)
Recreation and culture		(3,201,446)	(2,814,835)	(3,284,143)
Transport		(4,068,279)	(3,486,434)	(4,539,302)
Economic services		(469,681)	(385,280)	(514,001)
Other property and services		(65,024)	(36,717)	(128,253)
		(12,064,977)	(10,506,633)	(12,146,800)
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	27(a)	4,862,337	4,313,062	4,250,463
Amount attributable to operating activities		(5,316,949)	(3,605,382)	(4,685,092)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	0(-)	0.007.504	4 000 704	0.000.047
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,027,594	1,906,784	2,098,017
Proceeds from disposal of assets	11(a)	89,897	233,000	552,258
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9(a)	7,894	7,893 (2,368,334)	7,695 (2,207,162)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	10(a)	(3,372,137) (1,248,004)	(1,453,276)	(1,428,399)
Amount attributable to investing activities	10(a)	(2,494,756)	(1,673,933)	(977,591)
and an all and to involving would not		(=, 10 1, 100)	(1,070,000)	(011,001)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of borrowings	17(b)	(271,888)	(271,888)	(141,493)
Proceeds from borrowings	17(c)	1,450,000	0	913,700
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	16(b)	(19,399)	0	(400,000)
Transfers to reserves (restricted assets)	4	(57,310)	(208,119)	(182,626)
Transfers from reserves (restricted assets) Transfer to restricted cash - other	4	75,000	85,000	509,420
Transfer from restricted cash - other		0	0 362,594	(1,246,364)
Amount attributable to financing activities		2,040,832	(32,413)	598,191 450,828
, and an action to infancing activities		2,070,002	(02,410)	750,020
Surplus/(deficit) before imposition of general rates		(5,770,873)	(5,311,728)	(5,211,855)
Total amount raised from general rates	26(a)	5,357,970	5,311,728	5,172,024
Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates	27(b)	(412,903)	0	(39,831)

## SHIRE OF IRWIN INDEX OF NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Note 1	Basis of Preparation	10
Note 2	Revenue and Expenses	11
Note 3	Cash and Cash Equivalents	16
Note 4	Reserves - Cash backed	17
Note 5	Other Financial Assets	18
Note 6	Trade and Other Receivables	19
Note 7	Inventories	20
Note 8	Other Assets	21
Note 9	Property, Plant and Equipment	22
Note 10	Infrastructure	24
Note 11	Fixed Assets	26
Note 12	Leases	29
Note 13	Revaluation Surplus	30
Note 14	Trade and Other Payables	31
Note 15	Contract Liabilities	32
Note 16	Lease Liabilities	33
Note 17	Information on Borrowings	34
Note 18	Employee Provisions	36
Note 19	Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows	37
Note 20	Total Assets Classified by Function and Activity	38
Note 21	Contingent Liabilities	39
Note 22	Commitments	40
Note 23	Related Party Transactions	41
Note 24	Investment in Associates	43
Note 25	Major Land Transactions	44
Note 26	Rating Information	45
Note 27	Rate Setting Statement Information	48
Note 28	Financial Risk Management	49
Note 29	Events occuring after the end of the Reporting Period	52
Note 30	Initial Application of Australian Accounting Standards	53
Note 31	Change in Accounting Policies	55
Note 32	Other Significant Accounting Policies	56
Note 33	Activites/Programs	57
Note 34	Financial Ratios	58

## 1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

## AMENDMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 take precedence over Australian Accounting Standards. Prior to 1 July 2019, Financial Management Regulation 16 arbitrarily prohibited a local government from recognising as assets Crown land that is a public thoroughfare, i.e. land under roads, and land not owned by but under the control or management of the local government, unless it is a golf course, showground, racecourse or recreational facility of State or regional significance. Consequently, some assets pertaining to vested land, including land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, were not recognised in previous financial reports of the Shire. This was not in accordance with the requirements of AASB 1051 Land Under Roads paragraph 15 and AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment paragraph 7.

From 1 July 2019, the Shire has applied AASB 16 Leases which requires leases to be included by lessees in the statement of financial position. Also, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 have been amended to specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost. All right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not included in the statement of financial position) rather than at fair value. The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

The Shire has accounted for the removal of the vested land values associated with vested land previously recognised by removing the land value and associated revaluation reserve as at 1 July 2019. The comparative year amounts have been retained as AASB 16 does not require comparatives to be restated in the year of transition.

Therefore the departure from AASB 1051 and AASB 16 in respect of the comparatives for the year ended 30 June 2019 remains.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

## NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS FOR APPLICATION IN FUTURE YEARS

On 1 July 2020 the following new accounting standards are to be adopted:

- AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors
- AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Materiality

AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors is not expected to impact the financial report.

Specific impacts of AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Materiality, have not been identified.

## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between funds) have been eliminated.

## 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

Rates General Rates cha specific de purpose Service charges Charge fo service  Grant contracts with customers Communit minor faci research, planning e and service  Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets  Grants with no contract commitments commitments  Grants with no contract commitments  Grants with no contract commitments  Grants with no contract commitments  Compliancial approprial approprial mainture as a regardless Complianc check  Other Regulator Health and the service at sites  Airport landing charges  Airport landing Permissio facilities a grant members of the purpose of the purpo	of goods and rivices I Rates harge for defined for specific nity events, acilities, h, design, g evaluation vices	When obligations typically satisfied Over time  Over time  Over time	Payment terms Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Council during the	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties None  Refund in event monies are unspent	Determination of transaction price Adopted by council annually  Adopted by council annually	Allocating transaction price When taxable event occurs When	Measuring obligations for returns Not applicable	Timing of revenue recognition When rates notice issued
Rates General R Rates Char specific d purpose Service charges Charge fo service  Grant contracts with customers  Grants, subsidies or contributions for incontract sommitments Grants with no contract commitments Grants with no contract commitments Caregistrations/ Approvals Approvals Approvals Complian	of goods and rvices I Rates  harge for defined of the for specific for specific for specific littles, in, design, g evaluation vices	obligations typically satisfied Over time	Payment terms Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Council during the	Warranties None Refund in event monies are unspent	Adopted by council annually  Adopted by	transaction price When taxable event occurs	obligations for returns Not	recognition When rates notice
Rates General R Rates Charges Service charges Charge for service  Grant contracts with customers With customers Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets Grants with no contract commitments Contract commitments Crants with no contract commitments Crants with no contract commitments Crants with no contract commitments Contract commitments Crants with no contract commitments Contract commitments Construction adjustion recognisa controlled governme  Grants with no controlled governme Contract commitments Compliant C	harge for defined a for specific nity events, collities, h, design, g evaluation vices	Over time  Over time  Over time	Payment terms Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Council during the	Warranties None Refund in event monies are unspent	Adopted by council annually  Adopted by	when taxable event occurs	returns Not	recognition When rates notice
Specified area rates character sheet specific de purpose service charges Charge for service and service search, planning e and service contributions for the construction of non-financial assets Grants with no contract commitments contributions for the construction of non-financial assets Grants with no contract commitments contributions for the construction of non-financial acontrolled governme contributions assets Grants with no commitments contribution reciprocal Licences/ Registrations/ Approvals Approvals Approvals Compliance check Complian	harge for defined e for specific nity events, acilities, h, design, g evaluation vices	Over time	adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the	Refund in event monies are unspent	council annually  Adopted by	taxable event occurs		
Service charges  Service charges  Charge for service  Grant contracts with customers  Grants, subsidies or contributions for he construction of non-financial assets  Grants with no controlled governme  Commitments  Compliant contribution reciprocal Building, particular approprial contribution reciprocal Building, to controlled governme  Approvals  Approvals  Pool inspections  Waste Regulator Health and collections  Waste Waste tre recycling a service at sites  Airport landing Permission facilities and entry  Memberships  Gym and membersh  Fees and  Cemetery  Cemetery	defined for specific  nity events, acilities, h, design, g evaluation vices	Over time	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year Payment dates adopted by Council during the	monies are unspent		When		
Service  Grant contracts with customers  Grants, subsidies or contributions for he construction of non-financial assets  Grants with no contract commitments contributions financial assets  Grants with no contract commitments  Grants with no contract commitments  Grants with no contract contribution reciprocal Building, proposed developm animal manying the nature as regardless Compliant check  Other nepections  Waste Regulator Health and check  Waste Waste tre recycling service at sites  Airport landing charges  Airport landing charges  Airport landing charges  Airport landing charges  Grants with no contribution reciprocal specifications  Waste Regulator Health and check  Waste Waste tre recycling service at sites  Airport landing charges  Grants, Construction recognisation in controlled contribution reciprocal specifications  Waste Waste tre recycling service at sites  Airport landing charges  Grants with no contribution recognisation in controlled contribution recognisation in controlled controlled specifications  Waste Waste tre recycling service at sites  Airport landing charges  Airport landing char	nity events, acilities, h, design, g evaluation vices		adopted by Council during the	- · · · ·		taxable event occurs	Not applicable	When rates notice issued
with customers minor faci research, planning e and service decidistion or contributions for the construction of non-financial assests more contract appropriation from the commitments contribution reciprocal dicences/ Building, propriation of the construction of non-financial accontribution reciprocal dicences/ Building, propriation developm animal manal manure as regardless compliance check.  Other Regulator Health and the compliance check of the compliance	acilities, h, design, g evaluation vices	Over time	year	Refund in event monies are unspent	Adopted by council annually	When taxable event occurs	Not applicable	When rates notice issued
ubsidies or ontributions for ne construction fron-financial seets grants with no ontract commitments contribution reciprocal governme grants with no ontract commitments contribution reciprocal Building, properly animal management check grants with no ontract commitments contribution reciprocal Building, properly animal management check grants with no development of the properly animal management check grants with an active as a regardless. Compliant check grants with an active as a regardless compliant check grants with an active and properly development of the properly development o			Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Set by mutual agreement with the customer	Based on the progress of works to match performance obligations	Returns limited to repayment of transaction price of	Output method ba on project milestor and/or completion matched to perforr obligations as inpu shared
ontract appropriat contribution contribution reciprocal Building, pegistrations/ developm animal me having the nature as regardless cool inspections Compliant check.  Aste Regulator Health and check service of the service at sites irport landing harges facilities and entry Use of half acilities are send entry fees and complete the service at sites irport landing permission facilities and entry Gymand facilities and entry Gymand membershees and Cemetery service at sites and contributions facilities and contributions facilities and contributions for the service at sites and contributions facilities facilities and contributions facilities faci	ion of sable non- il assets to be ed by the local	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Set by mutual agreement with the customer	Based on the progress of works to match performance obligations	terms Returns limited to repayment of transaction price of	Output method ba on project milestor and/or completion matched to perfort obligations as inpushared
icences/ legistrations/ pprovals  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and the service Service of service at sites  Pool inspections  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and the service Service at sites  Pool inspections  Pool inspections  Pool inspections  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and service Service at sites  Property hire and entry  Pool inspections  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and service Service at sites  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and service Service at sites  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and service Service at sites  Pool inspections  Regulator Health and service Service at sites  Regulator Health and service  Regulator Health and	iations and itions with no	No obligation s	Not applicable	Not applicable	Cash received	On receipt of funds	terms Not applicable	When assets are controlled
ool inspections  Compliant check  Other Regulator Health an expections  Vaste Service Service  Vaste Waste tre recycling service at sites  irport landing harges facilities a facilities are service at sites  roperty hire Use of half facilities  Iemberships Gym and memberships  ees and Cemetery	management, the same as a licence	Single point in time	Full payment prior to issue	None	Set by State legislation or limited by legislation to the cost of provision	Based on timing of issue of the associated rights	No refunds	On payment and i of the licence, registration or app
Vaste service  Vaste service  Vaste waste tre recycling service at sites  Vary fees facilities a  Vary fees facilities a  Vary fees facilities a  Vary fees facilities a  Competty hire facilities  Vaste waste tre recycling a service at sites  Vary fees facilities a  Competition of the facilities and facilities  Competition of the facilities and facilities and facilities  Competition of the facilities and facilities and facilities  Competition of the facilities and facilities and facilities and facilities and facilities  Competition of the facilities and facilities and facilities and facilities and facilities  Competition of the facilities and facili	ance safety	Single point in time	Equal proportion based on an equal annually fee	None	Set by State legislation	Apportioned equally across the inspection cycle	No refunds	After inspection complete based o year cycle
anagement ollections  Vaste Waste tre recycling service at sites  irport landing Permissio facilities a  roperty hire Ind entry fees  demberships Gym and memberships  ees and Cemetery	tory Food, and Safety	Single point in time	Full payment prior to inspection	None	Set by State legislation or limited by legislation to the cost of provision	Applied fully on timing of inspection	Not applicable	Revenue recognis after inspection er occurs
anagement recycling service at sites irport landing harges facilities a  roperty hire use of hal facilities lemberships Gym and membersh ees and Cemetery	e collection	Over time	Payment on an annual basis in advance	None	Adopted by council annually	Apportioned equally across the collection period	Not applicable	Output method ba on regular weekly fortnightly period proportionate to collection service
roperty hire Use of hal facilities a roperty hire Use of hal facilities demberships Gym and memberships ees and Cemetery	reatment, g and disposal at disposal	Single point in time	Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided	None	Adopted by council annually	Based on timing of entry to facility	Not applicable	On entry to facility
nd entry facilities  Iemberships Gym and membersh ees and Cemetery	sion to use s and runway	Single point in time	Monthly in arrears	None	Adopted by council annually	Applied fully on timing of landing/take- off	Not applicable	On landing/depart event
membersh ees and Cemetery		Single point in time	In full in advance	Refund if event cancelled within 7 days	Adopted by council annually	Based on timing of entry to facility	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	On entry or at conclusion of hire
		Over time	Payment in full in advance	Refund for unused portion on application	Adopted by council annually	Apportioned equally across the access period	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	Output method Or months matched t access right
ther goods and reinstaten ervices private wo	ements and works	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	None	Adopted by council annually	Applied fully based on timing of provision	Not applicable	Output method ba on provision of se or completion of w
ale of stock Aviation fu and visitor stock	n fuel, kiosk tor centre	Single point in time	In full in advance, on 15 day credit	Refund for faulty goods	Adopted by council annually, set by mutual agreement	Applied fully based on timing of provision	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	Output method ba on goods
Commissions Commissi licencing a sales leimbursement Insurance	ssions on g and ticket	Over time Single	Payment in full on sale  Payment in	None None	Set by mutual agreement with the customer Set by mutual	On receipt of funds When claim	Not applicable	When assets are controlled  When claim is agi

## 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

### (a) Grant revenue

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as both operating and non-operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

	\$	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
General purpose funding	560,539	241,188
Law, order, public safety	160,784	139,207
Education and welfare	0	2,000
Community amenities	0	15,000
Recreation and culture	16,374	7,500
Transport	81,483	76,000
	819,180	480,895
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
General purpose funding	0	0
Housing	1,652,276	1,380,000
Recreation and culture	0	250,000
Transport	375,318	276,784
	2,027,594	1,906,784
Total grants, subsidies and contributions	2,846,774	2,387,679
Fees and charges		
General purpose funding	16,460	17,100
Law, order, public safety	17,517	25,100
Health	5,808	4,700
Education and welfare	2,909	6,200
Housing	279,087	281,000
Community amenities	870,996	900,781
Recreation and culture	169,871	221,702
Transport	3,089	5,400

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Grants, subsidies and contributions

Economic services

Other property and services

Operating grants, subsidies and contributions are grants, subsidies or contributions that are not non-operating in nature.

Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions are amounts received for the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government.

## Fees and Charges

174,083

1,541,105

1,285

2020

**Actual** 

2020

**Budget** 

2019

**Actual** 

523,573

464,394

21,469

12,291

76,396

52,551

589,947

2,098,017

3,196,140

16,248

22,600

4,944

10,270 282,508

822,895

244,528

198,394

1,622,278

18,250

1,641

0

1,455,519

1,098,123

0

Revenue (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees.

256,550

15,000

1,733,533

## 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)	2020	2020	2019
	Actual	Budget	Actual
Contracts with customers and transfers for recognisable non-financial assets Revenue from contracts with customers and transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Shire was recognised during the year for the following nature or types of goods or services:	<b>\$</b>	•	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions Fees and charges Other revenue Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	119,104	163,707	0
	1,501,170	1,690,933	1,579,292
	106,052	40,500	33,508
	2,027,594	1,906,784	2,098,017
	3,753,920	3,801,924	3,710,817
Revenue from contracts with customers and transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Shire is comprised of:			
Contracts with customers included as a contract liability at the start of the period Other revenue from contracts with customers recognised during the year	82,843	0	0
	1,726,326	1,895,140	1,612,800
Transfers intended for acquiring or constructing recognisable non financial assets included as a contract liability at the start of the period Other revenue from performance obligations satisfied during the year	768,163	0	0
	1,176,588	1,906,784	2,098,017
	3,753,920	3,801,924	3,710,817
Information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers along with financial assets and associated liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non financial assets is:			
Trade and other receivables from contracts with customers Contract liabilities from contracts with customers Financial assets held from transfers for recognisable financial assets Contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets	119,365 (85,372) 1,191,686 (1,191,686)		0 0 0 0

Contract liabilities for contracts with customers primarily relate to grants with performance obligations received in advance, for which revenue is recognised over time as the performance obligations are met.

Information is not provided about remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

Performance obligations in relation to contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset. All associated performance obligations are expected to be met over the next 12 months.

## 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)	2020	2020	2019
	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue from statutory requirements  Revenue from statutory requirements was recognised during the year for the following nature or types of goods or services:	•	•	•
General rates Statutory permits and licences Fines	5,357,970	5,311,728	5,172,024
	33,820	33,200	31,953
	6,115	9,400	11,033
	5,397,905	5,354,328	5,215,010
Significant revenue General Purpose Funding Law, Order, Public Safety Housing	301,398	0	278,898
	0	0	353,184
	1,652,276	1,380,000	0
	1,953,674	1,380,000	632,082
The significant revenue in 2019 relates to the early payment of Financial Assistance Grants received on 27th May 2020 comprising general purpose funding of \$108,793 and Road Funding of \$192,605. Capital grant funding from Department of Primary Industries & Regional Devlopment for the Funding of th SIHI aged persons units.			
The significant revenue in 2019 relates to the early payment of Financial Assistance Grants received on 18 June 2019 comprising general purpose funding of \$92,032 and road funding of \$186,866. Operating grants from Department of Fire & Emergency Services received during the year for the Bushfire mitigation risk and Risk Planning totalled \$353,184.			
Other revenue Reimbursements and recoveries Other	194,002	180,250	225,946
	106,052	40,500	33,508
	300,054	220,750	259,454
Interest earnings Interest on reserve funds Rates instalment and penalty interest (refer Note 26(c))	13,377	29,187	32,626
	59,885	48,000	56,491

<sup>\*</sup> The Shire of Irwin has resolved to charge interest under section 6.13 for the late payment of any amount of money at 5%.

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Late payment of fees and charges \*

## Interest earnings

Other interest earnings

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

## Interest earnings (continued)

13,911

87,173

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

1,350

35,000

113,537

0

35,632

124,749

## 2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

			2020	2020	2019
(b)	Expenses	Note	Actual	Budget	Actual
			\$	\$	\$
	Auditors remuneration				
	- Audit of the Annual Financial Report		50,000	51,500	34,686
	- Other services		1,500	0	0
			51,500	51,500	34,686
	Interest expenses (finance costs)				
	Borrowings	17(b)	194,480	167,442	161,132
	Lease liabilities	16(b)	1,852	0	0
			196,332	167,442	161,132
	Other expenditure				
	Sundry expenses		339,931	186,040	400,104
			339,931	186,040	400,104
	Significant expense				
	- Bushfire hazard reduction		0	0	365,122

. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	NOTE	2020	2019
		\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand		3,505,502	3,820,528
Total cash and cash equivalents		3,505,502	3,820,528
Restrictions The following classes of assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:			
- Cash and cash equivalents		3,131,383	2,879,454
		3,131,383	2,879,454
The restricted assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used:			
Reserves - cash backed	4	1,292,763	1,310,453
Contract liabilities from contracts with customers Contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non	15	85,372	0
financial assets	15	1,191,686	0
Unspent grants, subsidies and contributions Footpath contributions		0	851,007 37,555
Roadwork contributions		0	102,953
Bonds and deposits held		198,687	201,190
The Village Units Surplus		362,875	376,298
Total restricted assets		3,131,383	2,879,454

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

## Restricted assets

Restricted asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions.

Externally imposed restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserves, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement.

	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2019	2019	2019	2019
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	Opening	Transfer	Transfer	Closing	Opening	Transfer	Transfer	Closing	Opening	Transfer	Transfer	Closing
4. RESERVES - CASH BACKED	Balance	to	(from)	Balance	Balance	to	(from)	Balance	Balance	to	(from)	Balance
	ss	₩	69	↔	₩	₩	₩	₩	₩	₩	₩	₩
(a) Leave Reserve	121,943	1,241	0	123,184	121,943	3,526	0	125,469	197,815	3,942	(79,814)	121,943
(b) Port Denison Foreshore Development Reserve	268,298	46,662	(75,000)	239,960	268,298	48,835	(75,000)	242,133	275,011	5,480	(12, 193)	268,298
(c) Recreation Centre Equipment Reserve	51,657	526	0	52,183	51,657	903	0	52,560	50,648	1,009	0	51,657
(d) Sanitation Reserve	20,947	214	0	21,161	20,947	1,598	0	22,545	89,663	1,787	(70,503)	20,947
(e) Coastal Management Reserve	137,272	1,397	0	138,669	137,272	2,400	0	139,672	134,590	2,682	0	137,272
(f) Asset Management Reserve	578,481	5,920	0	584,401	578,481	13,881	0	592,362	778,674	15,517	(215,710)	578,481
(g) Plant Replacement Reserve	107,641	1,095	0	108,736	107,641	136,553	0	244,194	87,105	151,736	(131,200)	107,641
(h) Tourism and Area Promotion Reserve	24,214	255	0	24,469	24,214	423	(10,000)	14,637	23,741	473	0	24,214
	1,310,453	57,310	(75,000)	1,292,763	1,310,453	208,119	(85,000)	1,433,572	1,637,247	182,626	(509,420)	1,310,453

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and are restricted within equity as Reserves - cash backed.

In accordance with Council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

	Anticipated	
Name of Reserve	date of use	Purpose of the reserve
(a) Leave Reserve	Ongoing	- To fund leave requirements.
(b) Port Denison Foreshore Development Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used to fund the development works of the foreshore in Port Denison.
(c) Recreation Centre Equipment Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used to fund future equipment replacement.
(d) Sanitation Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used to develop facilities at the transfer station and future relocation.
(e) Coastal Management Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used to fund planning, research and project works in the management of coastline and adjacent areas within the Shire of Irwin.
(f) Asset Management Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used for the construction, major maintenance and retire debt associated with Council owned assets.
(g) Plant Replacement Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used for the purchase of plant and equipment as per plant replacement program.
(h) Tourism and Area Promotion Reserve	Ongoing	- To be used to fund future requirements of tourism promotions.

## 5. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

## (a) Current assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

## Other financial assets at amortised cost

Self supporting loans

## (b) Non-current assets

Financial assets at amortised cost Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

## Financial assets at amortised cost

Self supporting loans

## Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Units in Local Government House Trust

2020	2019
\$	\$
8,097	7,889
8,097	7,889
8,097	7,889
8,097	7,889
12,541	20,638
53,416	52,551
65,957	73,189
12,541	20,638
12,541	20,638
53,416	52,551
53,416	52,551

Loans receivable from clubs/institutions have the same terms and conditions as the related borrowing disclosed in Note 17(b) as self supporting loans.

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

## Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The Shire classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- equity investments which the Shire has not elected to recognise fair value gains and losses through other comprehensive income.

## Impairment and risk

Information regarding impairment and exposure to risk can be found at Note 28.

## 6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

## Current

Rates receivable Trade and other receivables GST receivable

## Non-current

Pensioner's rates and ESL deferred

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade receivables are recognised at original invoice amount less any allowances for uncollectible amounts (i.e. impairment). The carrying amount of net trade receivables is equivalent to fair value as it is due for settlement within 30 days.

## Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and their exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 28.

2020	2019
\$	\$
393,000	282,859
119,365	208,691
43,231	179,792
555,596	671,342
69,322	60,277
69,322	60,277

## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Classification and subsequent measurement
Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months
of the end of the reporting period are classified as
current assets. All other receivables are classified as
non-current assets.

Trade receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

## 7. INVENTORIES

## Current

Fuel and materials

The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:

Carrying amount at beginning of period Inventories expensed during the year Carrying amount at end of period

CICNIEICANT	ACCOUNTING D	OI ICIES
SIGNIFICANT	ACCOUNTING P	ULICIES

## General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2020	2019
\$	\$
18,521	20,118
18,521	20,118
20,118	20,619
(1,597)	(501)
18,521	20,118

## 8. OTHER ASSETS

## Other assets - current

Accrued income

2020	2019
\$	\$
15,302	1,135
15,302	1,135

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Other current assets

Other non-financial assets include prepayments which represent payments in advance of receipt of goods or services or that part of expenditure made in one accounting period covering a term extending beyond that period.

## Non-current assets held for sale

Assets are classified as held for sale where the carrying amount will be recovered through a sale rather than continuing use and the asset is available for immediate sale with a sale being highly probable.

## Non-current assets held for sale (Continued)

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are valued at the lower of the carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

The fair value of land and buildings was determined using the sales comparison approach using comparable properties in the area. This is a level 2 measurement as per the fair value heirarchy set out in Note 32(h).

## 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land - freehold land	Land - vested in and under the control of Council	Total land	Buildings - non- specialised	Buildings - specialised	Buildings - non- specialised on land vested in and under the control of Council	Total buildings	Total land and buildings	Furniture and equipment	Plant and equipment	Total property, plant and equipment
Balance at 1 July 2018	\$ 5,021,300	\$ 3,680,000	\$ 8,701,300	\$ 2,375,566	\$ 31,701,993	\$ 1,403,741	\$ 35,481,300	\$ 44,182,600	\$ 367,001	\$ 2,453,301	\$ 47,002,902
Additions	0	0	0	0	818,026	0	818,026	818,026	11,241	1,377,895	2,207,162
(Disposals)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(352)	(614,111)	(614,463)
Depreciation (expense)	0	0	0	(89,837)	(933,478)	(140,140)	(1,163,455)	(1,163,455)	(68,748)	(485,294)	(1,717,497)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	5,021,300	3,680,000	8,701,300	2,285,729	31,586,541	1,263,601	35,135,871	43,837,171	309,142	2,731,791	46,878,104
Comprises: Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2019 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2010	5,021,300	5,021,300 3,680,000	8,701,300	2,462,549	33,460,036	1,514,138	37,436,723	46,138,023	577,646	3,628,299	50,343,968
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019 Change in accounting policy	5,021,300	5,021,300 3,680,000	8,701,300	2,285,729	31,586,541	1,263,601	35,135,871	43,837,171	309,142	2,731,791	46,878,104
Carrying amount at 1 July 2019	5,021,300		5,021,300	2,285,729	31,586,541	1,263,601	35,135,871	40,157,171	309,142	2,731,791	43,198,104
Additions	400,000	0	400,000	5,394	2,570,210	0	2,575,604	2,975,604	113,024	283,509	3,372,137
(Disposals)	0	0	0	0	(478,462)	0	(478,462)	(478,462)	0	(64,772)	(543,234)
Depreciation (expense)	0	0	0	(89,846)	(925,362)	(140,140)	(1,155,348)	(1,155,348)	(67,846)	(499,143)	(1,722,337)
Transfers	0	0	0	1,123,461	0	(1,123,461)	0	0	80	(127)	(119)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	5,421,300	0	5,421,300	3,324,738	32,752,927	0	36,077,665	41,498,965	354,328	2,451,258	44,304,551
Comprises: Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2020 Accumulated degreciation at 30 June 2020	5,421,300	0 0	5,421,300	3,982,081	35,502,446 (2,749,519)	00	39,484,527	44,905,827	691,026	3,664,914	49,261,767
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	5,421,300	0	5,421,300	3,324,738	32,752,927	0	36,077,665	41,498,965	354,328	2,451,258	44,304,551

Nb: The asset classification "Buildings - non-specialised on land vested in and under the control of Council" has been amalgamated with the asset classification

<sup>&</sup>quot;Buildings - non-specialised" in the Note above. There is no requirement to show these asset classifications separately in the financial statements. The amalgamation has taken place as management wish to simplify its reporting.

## 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

## (b) Fair Value Measurements

of Date of Last Inputs Used	ent June 2017 Price per square metre	Price per square metre (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.	Improvements to buildings using construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.	ent June 2017 Price per square metre	Purchase costs and current condition (Level 2) June 2016 residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3 ) inputs.	ent bossons Drice nor Hem
Basis of Valuation	Independent Valuation	Independent Valuation	Independent Valuation	Independent Valuation	Management Valuation	Independent
Valuation Technique	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar items	Improvements to land valued using cost approach using depreciated replacement costs	Improvements to land valued using cost approach using depreciated replacement costs	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost ( Net revaluation method)	Cost approach using depreciated
Fair Value Hierarchy	2	က	7	က	က	ď
Asset Class	Land and buildings Land - freehold land	Land - vested in and under the control of Council	Buildings - non-specialised	Buildings - specialised	Furniture and equipment	Dlant and positionant

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs. Following a change to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A, plant and equipment and equipment and furniture and equipment) are to be measured under the cost model, rather than at fair value. This change is effective from 1 July 2019 and represents a change in accounting policy. Revaluations carried out previously were not reversed as it was deemed fair value approximates cost at the date of change.

## 10. INFRASTRUCTURE

## (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Infrastructure -	Infrastructure -	Total
	roads	other	Infrastructure
Balance at 1 July 2018	\$ 51,324,201	\$ 4,175,096	\$ 55,499,297
Additions	1,297,897	130,501	1,428,398
Depreciation (expense)	(2,423,090)	(194,705)	(2,617,795)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	50,199,008	4,110,892	54,309,900
Comprises: Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2019	66,701,803	4,305,597	71,007,400
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2019	(16,502,795)	(194,705)	(16,697,500)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	50,199,008	4,110,892	54,309,900
Additions	865,598	340,406	1,248,004
Depreciation (expense)	(2,470,923)	(210,273)	(2,681,196)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	48,635,683	4,241,025	52,876,708
Comprises:			
Gross carrying amount at 30 June 2020	67,609,401	4,646,003	72,255,404
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2020	(18,973,718)	(404,978)	(19,378,696)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	48,635,683	4,241,025	52,876,708

## 10. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

## (b) Fair Value Measurements

	tion (Level 2) life	tion (Level 2) life
Inputs Used	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2) residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2) residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs.
Date of Last Valuation	June 2017	June 2018
Basis of Valuation	Management Valuation	Independent valuation
Valuation Technique	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (Gross revaluation method)	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost (Gross revaluation method)
Fair Value Hierarchy	ო	т
Asset Class	Infrastructure - roads	Infrastructure - other

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

## 11. FIXED ASSETS

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Fixed assets

Each class of fixed assets within either plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

## Initial recognition and measurement between mandatory revaluation dates

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 17A (5). These assets are expensed immediately

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets that are land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at fair value as management believes cost approximates fair value. They are subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework.

## Revaluation

The fair value of land, buildings,infrastructure and investment properties is determined at least every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on vested land acquired by the Shire.

At the end of each period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2)* which requires land, buildings, infrastructure, investment properties and vested improvements to be shown at fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

## AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS - INCONSISTENCY Land under control prior to 1 July 2019

In accordance with the then Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(ii), the Shire was previously required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), vested Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land.

## Land under roads prior to 1 July 2019

In Western Australia, most land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in *Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads* and the then *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) which arbitrarily* prohibited local governments from recognising such land as an asset. This regulation has now been deleted.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, the then *Local Government (Financial Management)* Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibited local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail. Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 was not included as an asset of the Shire.

## Land under roads from 1 July 2019

As a result of amendments to the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*, effective from 1 July 2019, vested land, including land under roads, are treated as right-of-use assets measured at zero cost. Therefore, the previous inconsistency with AASB 1051 in respect of non-recognition of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 has been removed, even though measurement at zero cost means that land under roads is still not included in the statement of financial position.

The Shire has accounted for the removal of the vested land values associated with vested land previously recognised by removing the land value and associated revaluation reserve as at 1 July 2019. The comparatives have not been restated.

## Vested improvements from 1 July 2019

The measurement of vested improvements at fair value in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)(iv) is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure the vested improvements as part of the related right-of-use assets at zero cost.

Refer to Note 12 that details the significant accounting policies applying to leases (including right of use assets).

## 11. FIXED ASSETS

## (a) Disposals of Assets

	Actual Net Book	Actual Sale	2020 Actual	2020 Actual
	Value	Proceeds	Profit	Loss
	<b>2</b>	<b>þ</b>	•	<b>&gt;</b>
Buildings - specialised	478,462	0	0	(478,462)
Furniture and equipment	0	0	0	0
Plant and equipment	64,772	89,897	25,349	(224)
	543,234	89,897	25,349	(478,686)

2020 Budget Net Book Value	2020 Budget Sale Proceeds	2020 Budget Profit	2020 Budget Loss	2019 Actual Net Book Value	2019 Actual Sale Proceeds	2019 Actual Profit	2019 Actual Loss
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	352	0	0	(352)
165,691	233,000	67,309	0	614,111	552,258	71,071	(132,924)
165,691	233,000	67,309	0	614,463	552,258	71,071	(133,276)

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	2020 Actual	2020 Actual	2020	2020
Plant and Equipment	Net Book Value	Sale Proceeds	Actual Profit	Actual Loss
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recreation and culture				
2017 Holden RGJ Colorado LS 4				
X 4 - 523IR	17,000	26,818	9,818	0
Denison Fishermans Hall	478,462	0	0	(478,462)
Transport				
2017 Holden RGJ Colorada LS 4				
X 4 - 525IR	16,100	23,864	7,764	0
2018 Holden Colorado LT 4X4	23,494	30,000	6,506	0
Blackhawk Mosquito Fogger	0	9	9	0
Boxtop Trailer (IR3709)	0	380	380	0
Polmac Trailer (7TF221)	0	353	353	0
Boxtop Trailer 9RJ044	0	236	236	0
Catcher and Trailer - Kabota				
8TF037	0	283	283	0
Coastmac 4.5 Plant Trailer	4,405	4,181	0	(224)
Skid Steer Loader Attachments	3,773	3,773	0	0
	543,234	89,897	25,349	(478,686)

## 11. FIXED ASSETS

(b) Depreciation	2020	2020	2019
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Buildings - non-specialised	89,846	89,837	89,837
Buildings - non-specialised on land vested in			
and under the control of Council	140,140	140,140	140,140
Buildings - specialised	925,362	933,478	933,478
Furniture and equipment	67,846	103,767	68,748
Plant and equipment	499,143	491,294	485,294
Infrastructure - roads	2,470,923	2,423,090	2,423,090
Infrastructure - other	210,273	195,238	194,705
Right of use assets - buildings	3,854	0	0
	4,407,387	4,376,844	4,335,292

## Revision of useful lives of plant and equipment

There were no changes or revision of estimated useful lives of any of the plant and equipment undertaken in 2019-20

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land and vested land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

## **Depreciation rates**

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

Useful life
Not depreciated
20 - 50 years
15 - 50 years
3 - 10 years
2 - 25 years
12 - 50 years
10 - 75 years

## Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- (a) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset. For example, the gross carrying amount may be restated by reference to observable market data or it may be restated proportionately to the change in the carrying amount. The accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses; or
- (b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

## Amortisation

All intangible assets with a finite useful life, are amortised on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held for use.

The residual value of intangible assets is considered to be zero and the useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Amortisation is included within Depreciation on non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and in the note above.

## 12. LEASES

## (a) Right of Use Assets

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of right of use asset between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

		Right of use assets - buildings	Right of use assets Total
		\$	2
	Carrying amount at 30 June 2019	0	0
	Recognised on initial application of AASB 16	99,273	99,273
	Restated total equity at the beginning of the		
	financial year	99,273	99,273
	Accumulated depreciation on initial application of AASB 16	(4,964)	(4,964)
	Depreciation (expense)	(3,854)	(3,854)
	Carrying amount at 30 June 2020	90,455	90,455
(b)	Cash outflow from leases		
• •	Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,852	1,852
	Lease principal expense	19,399	19,399
	Total cash outflow from leases	21,251	21,251

The Shire has 1 lease relating to solar panels on buildings. The lease term of the lease is 5 years.

The Shire has not revalued the right of use assets relating to the solar panels on the buildings as the difference between the fair value and carrying amount is immaterial.

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Leases

At inception of a contract, the Shire assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Shire uses its incremental borrowing rate.

All contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a remaining term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Leases for right-of-use assets are secured over the asset being leased.

## Right-of-use assets - valuation

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. This means that all right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not included in the statement of financial position). The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which are reported at fair value.

Refer to Note 11 for details on the significant accounting policies applying to vested improvements.

## Right-of-use assets - depreciation

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Shire anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is amortised over the useful life of the underlying asset.

## 13. REVALUATION SURPLUS

Revaluation surplus - Land and buildings	Revaluation surplus - Fumiture and equipment	Revaluation surplus - Plant and equipment	Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - roads	Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - other
Revaluation surplus	Revaluation surplus	Revaluation surplus	Revaluation surplus	Revaluation surplus

2019	Closing	Balance	49	25,892,342	380,764	699,454	25,917,653	1,451,494	54,341,707
Total	Movement on	Revaluation	<del>ss</del>	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	Revaluation	(Decrement)	s	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	Revaluation	Increment	49	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	Opening	Balance	<del>()</del>	25,892,342	380,764	699,454	25,917,653	1,451,494	54,341,707
2020	Closing	Balance	69	22,212,342	380,764	699,454	25,917,653	1,451,494	50,661,707
Total	Movement on	Revaluation	ss	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	Revaluation	(Decrement)	<del>(A</del>	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	Revaluation	Increment	<del>(A</del>	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	Çhange in	Accounting Policy		(3,680,000)	0	0	0	0	(3,680,000)
2020	Opening	Balance	ss.	25,892,342	380,764	699,454	25,917,653	1,451,494	54,341,707

Movements on revaluation of property, plant and equipment (including infrastructure) are not able to be reliably attributed to a program as the assets were revalued by class as provided for by AASB 116 Aus 40.1.

## 14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## Current

Sundry creditors
Accrued salaries and wages
ATO liabilities
Bonds and deposits held
Accrued expenditure
Accrued interest on long term borrowings

*	Finar	ncial	liat	oilities

2020	2019	
\$	\$	
202 202	4 000 405	
690,688	1,363,425	
44,770	23,203	
39,581	36,858	
198,687	201,190	
8,536	8,536	
18,590	14,952	
140,508	0	
1,141,360	1,648,164	

<sup>\*</sup> Relates to footpath and road contributions dating back to 1998 to be assessed and utilised/returned as appropriate

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition

## **Prepaid rates**

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

## 15. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Current		
Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	85,372	0
Contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets	1,191,686	0
	1,277,058	0

Performance obligations from contracts with customers are expected to be recognised as revenue in accordance with the following time bands:

Less than 1 year

1,277,058
1,277,058

## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

## **Contract Liabilities**

Contract liabilities represent the the Shire's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Shire has received consideration from the customer.

With respect to transfers for recognisable non-financial assets, contract liabilities represent performance obligations which are not yet satisfied.

Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

## 16. LEASE LIABILITIES

2020 2019 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$					
\$ 19,930 37,963 57,893	2019	ss	0	0	0
	2020	69	19,930	37,963	57,893

(b) Movements in carrying Amounts			Lease	Purpose Numb		Recreation and culture	Solar Panels (67.941%)	Other property and services	Solar Panels (32.059%)	
			9	Number Institution			Macquarie		Macquarie	
		Lease	Interest	n Rate			2.70%		2.70%	
			Lease	Term			60 months		e0 months	
	36	Actual	Lease Principal	1 July 2019	s		52,513		24,779	77,292
	0 June 2020	Actual	New L	Leases	69		0		0	0
	30 June 2020	Actual	ease Principal	Repayments	<del>59</del>		13,180		6,219	19,399
	30 June 2020	Actual	Lease Principal	Outstanding	<del>59</del>		39,333		18,560	57,893
	30 June 2020	Actual	Lease Interest	Repayments	<del>69</del>		1,258		594	1,852
		Budget	Lease Principal	1 July 2019	s		0		0	0
	30 June 2020	Budget	New	Leases	ss		0		0	0
	30 June 2020	Budget	Lease Principal	Repayments	59		0		0	0
	30 June 2020	Budget	Lease Principal L	Outstanding	ss		0		0	0
	30 June 2020	Budget	Lease Interest	Repayments	ss		0		0	0
		Actual	Lease Principal	1 July 2018	s		0		0	0
	30 June 2019				s		0		0	0
	0 June 2019 30 June 2019	Actual	Lease Principal	Repayments	<del>59</del>		0		0	0
	30 June 2018	Actual	Lease Principa	Outstanding	<del>69</del>					

## 17. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Borrowings 2020 2019 \$ 5 188 Current 341,683 271,888 Non-current 4,105,104 2,996,787 4,446,787 3,288,675

(b) Repayments - Borrowings

(b) Repayments - Borrowings																		
				r	0 June 2020 3	30 June 2020 30 June 2020 30 June 2020	_	30 June 2020	30	30 June 2020 30 June 2020		30 June 2020 30 June 2020	0 June 2020	30	June 2019 30	30 June 2019 30 June 2019 30 June 2019 30 June 2019	June 2019 30	June 2019
				Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	Loan		Interest	Principal	New	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	New	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	New	Principal	Interest	Principal
	Numbe	Number Institution	Rate	1 July 2019	Loans	epayments r	repayments	outstanding	1 July 2019	Loans	repayments re	epayments o	utstanding	1 July 2018	Loans re	epayments re	epayments o	outstanding
Particulars Health				w	s	s	s,	<b>∽</b>	s	ss.	ss.	ss.	s	ss.	s	s	s	<b>6</b> 9
Medical Centre Recreation and culture	66	WATC*	2.11%	0	1,450,000	0	6,435	1,450,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Recreation Centre	93	WATC*	6.75%	2,207,988	0	102,832	159,995	2,105,156	2,207,988	0	102,832	145,896	2,105,156	2,304,126	0	96,138	152,069	2,207,988
Tennis Court Resurfacing Transport	96	WATC*	2.37%	118,455	0	38,558	3,390	79,897	118,455	0	38,559	2,580	79,896	156,116	0	37,661	3,478	118,455
Plant	86	WATC*	2.07%	913,700	0	122,604	23,637	791,096	913,700	0	122,604	18,282	791,096	0	913,700	0	4,703	913,700
				3,240,143	1,450,000	263,994	193,457	4,426,149	3,240,143	0	263,995	166,759	2,976,148	2,460,242	913,700	133,799	160,250	3,240,143
Self Supporting Loans Recreation and culture Golf Club	97	WATC*	2.57%	28,532	0	7,894	1,023	20,638	28,532	0	7,893	683	20,639	36,226	0	7,694	882	28,532
				28,532	0	7,894	1,023	20,638	28,532	0	7,893	683	20,639	36,226	0	7,694	882	28,532
				3,268,675	1,450,000	271,888	194,480	4,446,787	3,268,675	0	271,888	167,442	2,996,787	2,496,468	913,700	141,493	161,132	3,268,675

\* WA Treasury Corporation

Self supporting loans are financed by payments from third parties. These are shown in Note 5 as other financial assets at amortised cost. All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

## 17. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

## (c) New Borrowings - 2019/20

					Amount B	orrowed	Amount	(Used)	Total	Actual
		Loan	Term	Interest	2020	2020	2020	2020	Interest &	Balance
	Institution	Type	Years	Rate	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Charges	Unspent
Particulars/Purpose				%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Medical Centre	WATC*	Debenture	20	2.11%	1,450,000	0	1,450,000	0	334,929	0
* WA Treasury Corporation					1,450,000	0	1,450,000	0	334,929	0

		2020	2019
(d)	Undrawn Borrowing Facilities	\$	\$
	Credit Standby Arrangements		
	Credit card limit	20,000	20,000
	Credit card balance at balance date	(1,164)	(525)
	Total amount of credit unused	18,836	19,475
	Loan facilities		
	Loan facilities - current	341,683	271,888
	Loan facilities - non-current	4,105,104	2,996,787
	Lease liabilities - current	19,930	0
	Lease liabilities - non-current	37,963	0
	Total facilities in use at balance date	4,504,680	3,268,675
	Unused loan facilities at balance date	0	0

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

## **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

### Risk

Information regarding exposure to risk can be found at Note 28.

## 18. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS

## (a) Employee Related Provisions

## Opening balance at 1 July 2019

Current provisions
Non-current provisions

Additional provision

Balance at 30 June 2020 Comprises

Current

Non-current

<b>Amounts</b>	are	expected	to	be	settled	on	the	following	basis
----------------	-----	----------	----	----	---------	----	-----	-----------	-------

Less than 12 months after the reporting date
More than 12 months from reporting date
Expected reimbursements from other WA local governments

<b>Provision for</b>	<b>Provision for</b>	
Annual	<b>Long Service</b>	
Leave	Leave	Total
\$	\$	\$
169,954	178,511	348,465
0	67,365	67,365
169,954	245,876	415,830
41,919	36,225	78,144
211,873	282,101	493,974
211,873	204,573	416,446
0	77,528	77,528
211,873	282,101	493,974

2020	2019
\$	\$
416,446	348,465
16,157	32,320
61,371	35,045
493,974	415,830

Timing of the payment of current leave liabilities is difficult to determine as it is dependent on future decisions of employees. Expected settlement timings are based on information obtained from employees and historical leave trends and assumes no events will occur to impact on these historical trends.

## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

## **Employee benefits**

## Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

## Other long-term employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations.

## Other long-term employee benefits (Continued)

Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

## **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

## 19. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## **Reconciliation of Cash**

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2020 Actual	2020 Budget	2019 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	3,505,502	3,601,966	3,820,528
Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
Net result	(1,902,885)	(669,599)	(1,698,628)
Non-cash flows in Net result: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair			
value through profit and loss	(865)	0	(52,551)
Depreciation on non-current assets	4,407,387	4,376,844	4,335,292
(Profit)/loss on sale of asset	453,337	(67,309)	62,205
Movement in fixed assets expensed to operating	119	0	0
Rounding adjustment	(5)	0	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	106,701	42,107	(57,518)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(14,167)	0	0
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	1,597	2,000	501
Increase/(decrease) in payables	(506,804)	(50,000)	697,078
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	78,144	0	(73,007)
Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities	426,052		
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	(2,027,594)	(1,906,784)	(2,098,017)
Net cash from operating activities	1,021,017	1,727,259	1,115,356

## 20. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Governance	7,263	9,531
General purpose funding	695,933	1,284,210
Law, order, public safety	576,491	629,735
Health	1,326,040	0
Education and welfare	642,071	686,549
Housing	10,940,978	9,252,150
Community amenities	686,766	671,458
Recreation and culture	24,186,436	29,004,067
Transport	51,153,876	52,417,491
Economic services	1,594,364	1,761,162
Other property and services	8,688,152	8,670,145
Unallocated	1,011,641	1,455,984
	101,510,011	105,842,482

## **21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Shire is not aware of any reportable contingent liabilities as at the reporting date.

## 22. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

## (a) Capital Expenditure Commitments

## Contracted for:

- capital expenditure projects

2020	2019
\$	\$
383,599	1,859,124
383,599	1,859,124

The major capital expenditure project outstanding at the end of the current reporting period is the SIHI Aged Appropriate Housing units. This project is being jointly funded through DPIRD & WACHS. The outstanding value of this project in the current year is \$207,456.

The other capital expenditure project outstanding at the end of the current reporting is for the construction of a pump track at the skate park. The outstanding value of this project in the current year is \$176,143.

The prior year commitment was for the SIHI Aged Appropriate Housing \$1,859,124 funded through WA Country Health Services.

## (b) Operating Lease Commitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the accounts (short term and low value leases).

## Payable:

- not later than one year
- later than one year but not later than five years

2020	2019
\$	\$
0	21,247
0	60,201
0	81,448

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the Shire, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

## Leases (Continued)

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

## 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

## **Elected Members Remuneration**

	2020	2020	2019
The following fees, expenses and allowances were	Actual	Budget	Actual
paid to council members and/or the President.	\$	\$	\$
Meeting fees	63,284	63,300	63,284
President's allowance	10,000	10,000	10,000
Deputy President's allowance	2,500	2,500	2,500
Travelling expenses	0	1,000	0
Telecommunications allowance	0	3,000	2,205
	75,784	79,800	77,989

## **Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation Disclosure**

The total of remuneration paid to KMP of the	2020 Actual	2019 Actual
Shire during the year are as follows:	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	452,874	517,506
Post-employment benefits	50,794	59,871
Other long-term benefits	11,458	18,029
Termination benefits	0	337,925
	515,126	933,331

## Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to elected members which may be found above.

## Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

## Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent long service benefits accruing during the year.

## Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: may or may not be applicable in any given year).

## 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

## Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

The following transactions occurred with related parties:	2020 Actual	2019 Actual
	\$	\$
Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and services	540 43,593	54,449
Amounts payable to related parties:	ŕ	,
Trade and other payables	6,012	9,568

## **Related Parties**

## The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

## i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any elected member, are considered key management personnel.

## ii. Other Related Parties

The associate person of KMP was employed by the Shire under normal employement terms and conditions.

## iii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

An entity that has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but does not have control over those policies, is an entity which holds significant influence. Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement.

## 24. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE AND JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

## (a) Share of joint operations

In 1996/97 Council, in conjunction with Homeswest, constructed 10 Aged Persons Units in the Port Denison town site. The terms of the joint venture agreement provided for Council to contribute \$103,330 which equated to an equity contribution of 16.5%. The fair value of the asset as at the 30 June 2017 has been applied below with accumulated depreciation as at the 30 June 2020.

## Non-current assets

Buildings - specialised Less: accumulated depreciation

5,630,648	5,630,648
(475,007)	(315,261)
5,155,641	5,315,387

## **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

## Interests in joint arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint arrangements providing joint ventures with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. The equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Shire's profit or loss.

Interests in joint arrangements (Continued)
Joint operations represent arrangements
whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in
each asset and exposure to each liability of the
arrangement. The Shire's interests in the assets,
liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations
are included in the respective line items of the
financial statements.

## 25. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

## **Dongara Medical Centre**

## (a) Details

The Shire has purchased the Dongara Medical Centre so as to ensure medical services can be provided to the region. The Shire has entered into an agreement with Five Gums Family Medical Practice for them to provide medical services.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2020 the purchase of the Dongara Medical Practice occured. The Shire has accounted for assets and liabilities associated with this acquisition in its accounts.

(b) Current year transactions			2020 Actual	2020 Budget	2019 Actual
(b) Carrotte your transactions			\$	\$	\$
Operating expenditure			(404.000)	•	•
- Furniture & equipment expensed			(121,620)	0	0
			(121,620)	U	U
Capital income					
<ul> <li>Proceeds for new loan borrowings</li> </ul>			1,450,000	0	0
Capital expenditure					
- Land			(400,000)	0	0
- Buildings			(898,304)	0	0
<ul> <li>Furniture &amp; equipment capitalised</li> </ul>			(30,076)	0	0
			(1,328,380)	0	0
(c) Expected future cash flows					
	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

) Expected future cash flows					
	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash outflows					
- Land	(400,000)	0	0	0	(400,000)
- Buildings	(898,304)	0	0	0	(898,304)
- Furniture & equipment capitalised	(30,076)	0	0	0	(30,076)
- Furniture & equipment expensed	(121,620)	0	0	0	(121,620)
	(1,450,000)	0	0	0	(1,450,000)
Cash inflows	,				,
- Proceeds for new loan borrowings	1,450,000	0	0	0	1,450,000
-	1,450,000	0	0	0	1,450,000
Net cash flows	0	0	0	0	0

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 SHIRE OF IRWIN

## 26. RATING INFORMATION

(a) Rates

) Rates												
		Mimbor	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20 Budget	2019/20	2018/19
BATE TVDE	Date in	Journal	Patoablo	Pato	Inforim	Rack	Total	Pate	Interim	Back	Total	Total
Differential general rate	9	Properties	Value	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue	Revenue
			S	ss.	မာ	ss.	ss	s	<del>9</del>	49	<del>()</del>	49
Gross rental valuations												
GRV - Residential	0.111808	1,326	17,030,263	1,904,115	4,063	0	1,908,178	1,903,733	2,500	2,500	1,908,733	2,057,438
GRV - Commercial	0.111808	122	4,037,915	451,471	0	13,733	465,204	419,772	2,500	2,500	424,772	383,301
GRV - Undeveloped	0.111808	20	311,776	34,859	(28)	0	34,831	37,514	0	0	37,514	59,781
GRV - Residential - R50 Developed	0.111808	75	1,284,803	143,651	118	0	143,769	143,651	0	0	143,651	158,568
GRV - Residential - R50 Undeveloped	0.111808	12	166,050	18,566	0	0	18,566	18,566	0	0	18,566	43,377
Unimproved valuations												
UV - Policy Area A	0.014193	22	3.057.000	43.388	0	0	43.388	43.388	0	0	43.388	34.387
IIV. Dolloy Area B	0.014103	, 2	701 501	8008			900 89	900 89			800 88	71 303
	0.014190	107	4,791,301	00,000	20 454	0	4 006,000	000,000	0 0	0	02,000	000,17
UV - Policy Area C		/21	110,201,00	870,008	39,461	Э '	1,006,040	000,000	2,500	2,500	97.1,550	010,020
UV - Policy Area D	0.014193	113	15,288,005	216,982	0	0	216,982	216,983	0	0	216,983	203,763
UV - Policy Area E		39	10,140,000	143,917	1,150	0	145,067	143,917	0	0	143,917	147,854
UV - Policy Area F	0.014193	24	5,698,003	80,872	0	0	80,872	80,872	0	0	80,872	10,989
IIV - Policy Area G		28	7 337 501	104 141	(40 332)	c	63 809	104 141	C	C	104 141	95 794
IIV Mining	7 100000	27	1 406 545	267.072	(300(01)		267,611	250,726	2 500	2 500	255 226	260,529
OV - IMITING Development	0.109002	, c	965 769	164 304	600		164 304	164 394	2,300	2,300	164 304	000,600
nadola na li		9 9	420 547 544	104,394	0 74 0 74	40.400	104,394	104,094	0 00	0 00	104,394	4 460 700
Sub-Total		006,1	110,710,801	4,006,013	- A.	13,733	4,020,717	4,501,713	10,000	10,000	4,061,713	4,402,709
	Minimum											
Minimum payment	₩											
Gross rental valuations												
Oloss Terrial Valuations	700	G	100 007	010	(	c	000	000	c	c	000	44.470
GRV - Residential	1,021	ם מ	100,407	100,058	o '	o 1	100,056	90,000	0 0	0 (	100,038	41,176
GRV - Commercial	1,021	65	295,661	66,365	0	0	66,365	66,365	0	0	66,365	68,931
GRV - Undeveloped	1,021	465	1,333,517	474,765	0	0	474,765	474,765	0	0	474,765	461,538
GRV - Residential - R50 Developed	1,021	7	58,655	7,147	0	0	7,147	7,147	0	0	7,147	2,997
GRV - Residential - R50 Undeveloped	1,021	4	73,830	14,294	0	0	14,294	14,294	0	0	14,294	217
Unimproved valuations												
UV - Policy Area A	1,021	4	186,500	4,084	0	0	4,084	4,084	0	0	4,084	3,996
UV - Policy Area B	1,021	4	163,499	4,084	0	0	4,084	4,084	0	0	4,084	3,996
UV - Policy Area C	1,021	23	1,057,589	23,483	0	0	23,483	24,504	0	0	24,504	28,971
UV - Policy Area D	1,021	7	339,495	7,147	0	0	7,147	7,147	0	0	7,147	6,993
UV - Policy Area E	1,021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UV - Policy Area F	1.021	1	629.997	11.231	0	0	11.231	11.231	0	0	11.231	75.513
UV - Policy Area G	1.021	: -	666 69	1 021	· C	c	1021	1.021	C	C	1 021	666
IIV - Minima	1001	17	43 175	17 357	· c	217	17 574	15 315			15 315	13 986
IIV - Mining Developed	1,021	: c			o c	ì	· ·	0	0 0	0 0	0	000,00
	170,1	246	E 046 E40	704 006		240	704 050	720.045			720.045	700 045
oup-Total		01/	0,010,040	000,107	>	717	62,167	610,067	>	>	130,013	616,807
		2,666	144,534,159	5,339,049	4,971	13,950	5,357,970	5,291,728	10,000	10,000	5,311,728	5,172,024
Total amount raised from general rate							5,357,970				5,311,728	5,172,024
Ex-gratia rates							2,802				2,500	2,457
Totals							5,360,772				5,314,228	5,174,481

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Rates

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period.

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

# NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020 SHIRE OF IRWIN

# 26. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

(b) Discounts, Incentives, Concessions, & Write-offs Waivers or Concessions

Rate or Fee and Charge to which						
the Waiver or				2020	2020	2019
Concession is Granted	Type	Discount	Discount	Actual	Budget	Actual
		%	<del>ss</del>	ક્ક	₩	<del>(9)</del>
Doctor's Surgery	Waiver	%00:0	5,100	5,814	000'9	5,112
General - Hall Hire etc	Waiver	%00'0	Various	0	2,000	2,235
				5,814	11,000	7,347
Total discounts/concessions (Note 26(a))	ıs (Note 26(a))			5,814	11,000	7,347

1				ءال	ls.			Reasons for the Waiver	or Concession	This support is necessary for the overall benefit of the	community to assist and support the doctors in town. This support is necessary for the overall benefit of the local	community.
Actual	ક્ક	5,112	2,235	7,347	7,347			16				
Budget	ss	6,000	2,000	11,000	11,000			Objects of the Waiver	or Concession			
Actual	49	5,814	0	5,814	5,814			ō	Or		ot for profit	
Discount	₩	5,100	Various		_					ute no. 140516	for the Shire's n	÷
Discount	%	%00.0	%00.0			s in which	the Waiver or Concession is	Granted and to whom it was		Council resolution 24/5/2016. Minute no. 140516	Provision of a local meeting place for the Shire's not for profit	community groups - by application.
Type		Waiver	Waiver		(Note 26(a))	Circumstances in which	the Waiver or	<b>Granted and</b>	available	Council resolu	Provision of a	community gro
Concession is Granted		Doctor's Surgery	General - Hall Hire etc		Total discounts/concessions (Note 26(a))	Rate or Fee and	Charge to which	the Waiver or	Concession is Granted	Doctor's Surgery	General - Hall Hire etc	

## **26. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)**

## (c) Interest Charges & Instalments

Instalment Options	Date Due	Instalment Plan Admin Charge	Instalment Plan Interest Rate	Unpaid Rates Interest Rate
motamiont options	<u> </u>	\$	%	%
Option One		•		
Single full payment	08 Nov 2019			11.00%
Option Two				
First instalment	08 Nov 2019			11.00%
Second instalment	10 Jan 2020		5.50%	11.00%
Option Three				
First instalment	08 Nov 2019			11.00%
Second instalment	10 Jan 2020	5.00	5.50%	11.00%
Third instalment	11 Mar 2020	5.00	5.50%	11.00%
Fourth instalment	11 May 2020	5.00	5.50%	11.00%
		2020	2020	2019
		Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Interest on unpaid rates		47,947	35,000	42,476
Interest on instalment plan		11,938	13,000	12,653
Charges on instalment plan		6,690	7,500	7,090
Interest on deferred pension	er rates	0	0	1,362
		66,575	55,500	63,581

## 27. RATE SETTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

27. RATE SETTING STATEMENT IN ORMATION					
			2019/20		
		2019/20	Budget	2019/20	2018/19
		(30 June 2020	(30 June 2020	(1 July 2019	(30 June 2019
		Carried	Carried	Brought	Carried
	Note	Forward)	Forward)	Forward)	Forward
		\$	\$	\$	\$
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities					
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Rate Setting Statement in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation</i> 32.					
Adjustments to operating activities					
Less: Profit on asset disposals	11(a)	(25,349)	(67,309)	(71,071)	(71,071)
Less: Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit		(005)	•	(50.554)	(50.554)
and loss		(865)	0	(52,551)	(52,551)
Movement in pensioner deferred rates (non-current)  Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-current)		(9,045)	0	(10,202)	(10,202)
Movement in leave reserve		10,163 1,241	3,527	(8,409) (75,872)	(8,409) (75,872)
Movement in fixed assets expensed to operating		119	0,321	(73,072)	(13,012)
Add: Loss on disposal of assets	11(a)	478,686	0	133,276	133,276
Add: Depreciation on non-current assets	11(b)	4,407,387	4,376,844	4,335,292	4,335,292
Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities	()	4,862,337	4,313,062	4,250,463	4,250,463
(b) Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates					
(17) Surplus (deficitly after imposition of goneral rates					
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded from the net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> to agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.					
Adjustments to net current assets					
Less: Reserves - cash backed	4	(1,292,763)	(1,433,572)	(1,310,453)	(1,310,453)
Less: Restricted cash - other	-( )	(503,383)	(1,171,681)	(1,367,812)	(1,367,812)
Less: Financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	5(a)	(8,095)	(6)	(7,889)	(7,889)
Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year	47()	0.44.000	077.000	074 000	074 000
<ul> <li>Current portion of borrowings</li> <li>Bonds and deposits held</li> </ul>	17(a)	341,683	277,902	271,888	271,888
- Current portion of lease liabilities		0 19,930	201,190 0	0	0
- Component of Leave Liability not required to be funded		123,184	125.469	121,940	121,940
Total adjustments to net current assets		(1,319,444)	(2,000,698)	(2,292,326)	(2,292,326)
		( ,, ,	( ,===,===,	( , - ,,	( , - ,,
Net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement					
Total current assets		4,103,018	4,317,328	4,521,012	4,521,012
Less: Total current liabilities		(3,196,477)	(2,316,630)	(3,119,523)	(2,268,517)
Less: Total adjustments to net current assets  Net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement		(1,319,444) (412,903)	(2,000,698)	(2,292,326) (890,837)	(2,292,326) (39,831)
Net current assets used in the Nate Octaing Statement		(412,303)	O	(030,037)	(55,551)
(c) Adjustments to current assets and liabilities at 1 July 2019 on application of new accounting standards					
Total current assets at 30 June 2019					4,521,012
- Contract assets	30(a)				0
Total current assets at 1 July 2019					4,521,012
Total current liabilities at 30 June 2019					(2,268,517)
- Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	30(a)				(82,843)
- Contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets	30(a)				(768,163)
Total current liabilities at 1 July 2019					(3,119,523)

## 28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This note explains the Shire's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Shire's future financial performance.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Market risk - interest rate	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Utilise fixed interest rate borrowings
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets and	0 0 ,	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits. Investment policy
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council. The finance area identifies, evaluates and manages financial risks in close co-operation with the operating divisions. Council have approved the overall risk management policy and provide policies on specific areas such as investment policy.

## (a) Interest rate risk

## Cash and cash equivalents

The Shire's main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with variable interest rates, which exposes the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Short term overdraft facilities also have variable interest rates however these are repaid within 12 months, reducing the risk level to minimal.

Excess cash and cash equivalents are invested in fixed interest rate term deposits which do not expose the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents required for working capital are held in variable interest rate accounts and non-interest bearing accounts. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents at the 30 June and the weighted average interest rate across all cash and cash equivalents and term deposits held disclosed as financial assets at amortised cost are reflected in the table below.

	Weighted Average Interest Rate	Carrying Amounts	Fixed Interest Rate	Variable Interest Rate	Non Interest Bearing
	<b>%</b>	\$	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	\$
2020 Cash and cash equivalents	0.25%	3,505,502	0	3,505,502	0
2019 Cash and cash equivalents	1.25%	3,820,528	0	3,820,528	0

## **Sensitivity**

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents as a result of changes in 2020 2019 interest rates.

Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on profit and loss and equity\*

35,055 38,205 \* Holding all other variables constant

## **Borrowings**

Borrowings are subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation. The Shire does not consider there to be any interest rate risk in relation to borrowings. Details of interest rates applicable to each borrowing may be found at Note 17(b).

## 28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (b) Credit risk

## Trade and Other Receivables

The Shire's major receivables comprise rates annual charges and user fees and charges. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of the Shire to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land, that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. The Shire is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, rates receivable are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security for rates receivable.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of rates and fees and charges over a period of 36 months before 1 July 2019 or 1 July 2020 respectively and the corresponding historical losses experienced within this period. Historical credit loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors such as the ability of ratepayers and residents to settle the receivables. Housing prices and unemployment rates have been identified as the most relevant factor in repayment rates, and accordingly adjustments are made to the expected credit loss rate based on these factors. There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2019 and 1 July 2018 (on adoption of AASB 9) was determined as follows for rates receivable. No expected credit loss was forecast on 1 July 2018 or 30 June 2019 for rates receivable as penalty interest applies to unpaid rates and properties associated with unpaid rates may be disposed of to recover unpaid rates.

	Current	More than 1 year past due	More than 2 years past due	More than 3 years past due	Total
30 June 2020 Rates receivable Expected credit loss Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	0.00% 7,202 0	0.00% 228,230 0	0.00% 102,009 0	0.00% 124,881 0	462,322 0
30 June 2019 Rates receivable Expected credit loss Gross carrying amount Loss allowance	0.00% 9,137 0	0.00% 168,519 0		0.00% 90,709 0	343,136 0

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 was determined as follows for trade receivables.

		More than 30	More than 60	More than 90	
	Current	days past due	days past due	days past due	Total
30 June 2020					
Trade and other receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.01%	0.00%	0.82%	1.03%	
Gross carrying amount	84,367	3,833	0	31,499	119,699
Loss allowance	8	0	0	326	334
30 June 2019					
Trade and other receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.01%	0.00%	1.09%	0.79%	
Gross carrying amount	167,122	2,598	2,208	37,097	209,025
Loss allowance	16	0	24	294	334

## 28. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## (c) Liquidity risk

## Payables and borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required and disclosed in Note 17.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's payables and borrowings are set out in the liquidity table below. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Due within 1 year	Due between 1 & 5 years	Due after 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying values
<u>2020</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Payables	1,141,360	0	0	1,141,360	1,141,360
Borrowings	530,483	2,457,845	2,899,464	5,887,792	4,446,787
Contract liabilities	1,277,058	0	0	1,277,058	1,277,058
Lease liabilities	21,247	38,953	0	60,200	57,893
	2,970,148	2,496,798	2,899,464	8,366,410	6,923,098
2019					
Payables	1,648,164	0	0	1,648,164	1,648,164
Borrowings	441,237	2,057,041	2,041,537	4,539,815	3,268,675
	2,089,401	2,057,041	2,041,537	6,187,979	4,916,839

## 29. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Shire.

## 30. INITIAL APPLICATION OF AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the current year, the Shire adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

## (a) AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Shire adopted AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (issued December 2014) on 1 July 2019 resulting in changes in accounting policies. In accordance with the transition provisions AASB 15, the Shire adopted the new rules retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying these rules recognised on 1 July 2019. In summary the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the balance sheet at the date of initial application (1 July 2019):

	AASB 118 carrying amount			AASB 15 carrying amount	
	Note	30 June 2019	Reclassification	01 July 2019	
		\$	\$	\$	
Contract liabilities - current					
Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	15	0	(82,843)	(82,843)	
Contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets	15	0	(768,163)	(768,163)	
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 15	31(b)		(851,006)		

## (b) AASB 1058: Income For Not-For-Profit Entities

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event for the rates has occurred, refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Therefore the rates received in advance gave rise to a financial liability that is within the scope of AASB 9. On 1 July 2019 the prepaid rates were recognised as a financial asset and a related amount recognised as a financial liability and no income recognised by the Shire. When the taxable event occurred, the financial liability was extinguished and the Shire recognised income for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

Assets that were acquired for consideration, that were significantly less than fair value principally to enable the Shire to further its objectives, may have been measured on initial recognition under other Australian Accounting Standards at a cost that was significantly less than fair value. Such assets are not required to be remeasured at fair value.

Volunteer Services in relation to Volunteer Bush Fire Services were not recognised as the fair value of the services cannot be reliably estimated.

The table below provides details of the amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period by the application of this Standard as compared to AASB 118 and 1004 and related Interpretations that were in effect before the change.

		2020		2020	
		\$			
			Adjustment due		
		As reported	to application of	Compared to	
		under AASB 15	AASB 15 and	AASB 118 and	
	Note	and AASB 1058	<b>AASB 1058</b>	<b>AASB 1004</b>	
Statement of Comprehensive Income					
Revenue					
Rates	26(a)	5,360,772	0	5,360,772	
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	819,180	85,372	904,552	
Fees and charges	2(a)	1,541,105	0	1,541,105	
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	2,027,594	1,191,686	3,219,280	
Net result		(1,902,885)	1,277,058	(625,827)	
Statement of Financial Position					
Contract liabilities	15	1,277,058	(1,277,058)	0	
Net assets		94,092,939	1,277,058	95,369,997	
Statement of Changes in Equity					
Net result		(1,902,885)	1,277,058	(625,827)	
Retained surplus		42,138,469		43,415,527	

Refer to Note 2(a) for new revenue recognition accounting policies as a result of the application of AASB 15 and AASB 1058.

## 30. INITIAL APPLICATION OF AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## (c) AASB 16: Leases

The Shire adopted AASB 16 retrospectively from 1 July 2019 which resulted in changes in accounting policies. In accordance with the transition provisions of AASB 16, the Shire has appplied this Standard to its leases retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying AASB16 recognised on 1 July 2019. In applying AASB 16, under the specific transition provisions chosen, the Shire will not restate comparatives for prior reporting periods.

On adoption of AASB 16, the Shire recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as an 'operating lease' applying AASB 117 (excluding short term and low value leases). These lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate on 1 July 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 July 2019 was 2.70%.

	Note	2020
		\$
Operating lease commitments at 30 June 2019 applying AAS 117		81,448
Discount applied using incremental borrowing rate	_	(4,156)
Lease liability recognised as 1 July 2019 discounted using the Shire's incremental borrowing rate of 2.70%	16(b)	77,292
Lease liability - current		19,399
Lease liability - non-current		57,893
Adjustment to accumulated depreciation		4,964
Adjustment to retained surplus		17,017
Right-of-use assets recognised at 1 July 2019		99,273

On adoption of AASB 16, the Shire recognised a right-of-use asset in relation to leases which had previously been classified as an 'operating lease' applying AASB 117. This right-of-use asset is deemed to be equal to the lease liability adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

Property, plant and equipment increased by \$99,273 and lease liabilities increased by \$77,292 on 1 July 2019 resulting in an impact on retained surplus of \$21,981.

On adoption of AASB 16 Leases (issued February 2016), for leases which had previously been classified as an 'operating lease' when applying AASB 117, the Shire is not required to make any adjustments on transition for leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 17A (5).

In applying AASB 16 for the first time, the Shire will use the following practical expedient permitted by the standard.

- The exclusion of initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.

## 31. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## (a) Change in Accounting Policies due to regulation changes

Effective 6 November 2020, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16 was deleted and Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A was amended with retrospective application. The changes were effective for financial years ending on or after 30 June 2020 so are required to be applied retrospectively with cumulative effect applied initially on 1 July 2019.

In accordance with the changes, the Shire was required to remove the values attributable to certain crown land assets previously required to be recognised, as well as the associated revaluation surplus at 1 July 2019. These assets have been measured as concessionary lease right-of-use assets at zero cost in accordance with AASB 16. For further details relating to these changes, refer to Note 12.

In summary the following adjustments were made to the amounts recognised in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application (1 July 2019):

Carrying amount			Carrying amount
Note	30 June 2019	Reclassification	01 July 2019
	\$	\$	\$
9	46,878,104	(3,680,000)	43,198,104
13	54,341,707	(3,680,000)	50,661,707

Also, following changes to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A, plant and equipment type assets (being plant and equipment and furniture and equipment) are to be measured under the cost model, rather than at fair value. This change is effective from 1 July 2019 and represents a change in accounting policy. Revaluations carried out previously or during the year were not reversed as it was deemed fair value approximates cost at the date of the change.

## (b) Changes in equity due to change in accounting policies

The impact on the Shire's opening retained surplus due to the adoption of AASB 15 and AASB 1058 as at 1 July 2019 was as follows:

	Note	Adjustments	2019
			\$
Retained surplus - 30 June 2019			44,857,653
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 15	30(a)	(851,006)	
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 16	30(c)	17,017	
Adjustment to retained surplus from adoption of AASB 1058	30(b)	0	(833,989)
Retained surplus - 1 July 2019		•	44,023,664

The impact on the Shire's opening revaluation surplus resulting from Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16 being deleted and the amendments to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A as at 1 July 2019 was as follows:

	Note	Adjustments	2019
			\$
Revaluation surplus - 30 June 2019			54,341,707
Adjustment to revaluation surplus from deletion of FM Reg 16	31(a)	(3,680,000)	
Adjustment to revaluation surplus from deletion of FM Reg 17	31(a)	0	(3,680,000)
Revaulation surplus - 1 July 2019			50,661,707

## 32. OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

## b) Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

## c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

### d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

## e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

## f) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans

## g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

## h) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

### Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

### Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

### Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

## Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

## Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

## Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

## Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

## i) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's cash generating non-specialised assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating specialised assets that are measured under the revaluation model ,such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, no annual assessment of impairment is required. Rather AASB 116.31 applies and revaluations need only be made with sufficient regulatory to ensure the carrying value does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the ends of the reporting period.

## 33. ACTIVITIES/PROGRAMS

Shire operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

## PROGRAM NAME AND OBJECTIVES GOVERNANCE

## To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.

## **ACTIVITIES**

Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support available to the council for the provision of governance of the district.

Other costs relate to the task of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern a specific council services.

## **GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING**

To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

## LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.

Supervision and enforcement of various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including emergency services.

## **HEALTH**

To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.

Inspection of food outlets and their control, provision of meat inspection services, noise control and waste disposal compliance.

## **EDUCATION AND WELFARE**

To provide services to the elderly, children and youth.

Maintenance of playgroup centre and senior citizen centre. Provision of youth services.

### **HOUSING**

To provide and maintain elderly residents housing.

Provision and maintenance of elderly residents housing.

## **COMMUNITY AMENITIES**

To provide services required by the community.

Rubbish collection services, operation of rubbish transfer site, litter control, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemetery and public conveniences.

## **RECREATION AND CULTURE**

To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social wellbeing of the community.

Maintenance of public halls, heritage buildings, civic centres, beaches, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of library, television and radio rebroadcasting and other cultural facilities.

## **TRANSPORT**

To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.

Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, footpaths, depots, cycle ways, parking facilities and traffic control. Cleaning of streets and maintenance of street trees, street lighting etc.

## **ECONOMIC SERVICES**

To help promote the Shire and its economic wellbeing.

Tourism and area promotion. Provision of rural services including weed control, vermin control and standpipes. Building control.

## **OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES**

To monitor and control Shire's overheads operating accounts.

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs and engineering operation costs.

34. FINANCIAL RATIOS	2020 Actua	2019 Actual	2018 Actual		
Current ratio Asset consumption ratio Asset renewal funding ratio Asset sustainability ratio	0.61 0.80 1.41 0.26	0.77 0.69 1.34 0.40	0.92 0.72 2.21 0.36		
Debt service cover ratio Operating surplus ratio Own source revenue coverage ratio	1.38 (0.55) 0.60	2.31 (0.53) 0.59	2.43 (0.51) 0.61		
The above ratios are calculated as follows:					
Current ratio	current assets minus restricted assets				
	current liabilities minus liabilities associated with restricted assets				
Asset consumption ratio	depreciated replacement costs of depreciable assets				
Asset renewal funding ratio	current replacement cost of depreciable assets  NPV of planned capital renewal over 10 years				
Asset sustainability ratio	NPV of required capital expenditure over 10 years capital renewal and replacement expenditure				
Asset sustainability ratio	depreciation				
Debt service cover ratio	annual operating surplus before interest and depreciation				
Operating surplus ratio	principal and interest operating revenue minus operating expenses				
Operating surplus ratio	own source operating revenue				
Own source revenue coverage ratio	own source operating revenue operating expense				
		- ·			



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Councillors of the Shire of Irwin

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

## Opinion

I have audited the annual financial report of the Shire of Irwin which comprises the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2020, and the Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type, Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Rate Setting Statement for the year then ended, as well as notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by the Chief Executive Officer.

In my opinion the annual financial report of the Shire of Irwin:

- (i) is based on proper accounts and records; and
- (ii) fairly represents, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2020 and its financial position at the end of that period in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

## **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report. I am independent of the Shire in accordance with the *Auditor General Act 2006* and the relevant ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the annual financial report. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

## Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Notes 1 and 11 to the annual financial report, which describe the basis of accounting. The annual financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Shire's financial reporting responsibilities under the Act, including the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (Regulations). My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters:

- (i) Regulation 17A requires a local government to measure vested improvements at fair value and the associated vested land at zero cost. This is a departure from AASB 16 Leases which would have required the entity to measure the vested improvements also at zero cost.
- (ii) In respect of the comparatives for the previous year ended 30 June 2019, Regulation 16 did not allow a local government to recognise some categories of land, including land under roads, as assets in the annual financial report.

## Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the Financial Report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards. The CEO is also responsible for such internal control as the CEO determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the annual financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial report, the CEO is responsible for assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Report

The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the annual financial report.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the annual financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at <a href="https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf">https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf</a>. This includes the identification and assessment of the risk of material misstatement due to fraud arising from management override of controls. This description forms part of my auditor's report.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 I report that:

- (i) In my opinion, the following material matters indicate significant adverse trends in the financial position of the Shire:
  - a. The Current Ratio as reported in Note 34 of the annual financial report has been below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries' standard for the past three financial years.
  - b. The Asset Sustainability Ratio as reported in Note 34 of the annual financial report has been below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries' standard for the past three financial years.
  - c. The Operating Surplus Ratio as reported in Note 34 of the annual financial report has been below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries' standard for the past three financial years.
- (ii) All required information and explanations were obtained by me.
- (iii) All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed.
- (iv) In my opinion, the Asset Consumption Ratio and the Asset Renewal Funding Ratio included in the annual financial report were supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.

## Other Matter

The financial ratios for 2018 in Note 34 of the annual financial report were audited by another auditor when performing their audit of the Shire for the year ending 30 June 2018. The auditor expressed an unmodified opinion on the annual financial report for that year.

## Matters Relating to the Electronic Publication of the Audited Financial Report

This auditor's report relates to the annual financial report of the Shire of Irwin for the year ended 30 June 2020 included on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the annual financial report described above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from this annual financial report. If users of the annual financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited annual financial report to confirm the information contained in this website version of the annual financial report.

EFTHALIA SAMARAS SENIOR DIRECTOR FINANCIAL AUDIT Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia Perth, Western Australia 4 February 2021